

May 12, 2004

Ms. Mitzi Chafetz
Public Information Officer
Texas Funeral Service Commission
P. O. Box 12217
Capitol Station
Austin, Texas 78711

OR2004-3864

Dear Ms Chafetz:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 202091.

The Texas Funeral Service Commission (the "commission") received a request for 14 categories of information related to the Executive Director, investigations involving a named funeral home, investigations involving a named individual, licenses, and other specified communications. You state that you have released some responsive information to the requestor. You also state that you do not have information responsive to certain portions of the request. You claim that the remaining requested information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information. We have also considered comments submitted by an interested party. See Gov't Code § 552.304 (providing that interested party may submit comments stating why information should or should not be released).

¹We note that the Public Information Act (the "Act") does not require a governmental body to release information that did not exist when a request for information was received or to prepare new information in response to a request for information. See Economic Opportunities Dev. Corp. v. Bustamante, 562 S.W.2d 266, 267-68 (Tex. Civ. App.—San Antonio 1978, writ dism'd); Open Records Decision Nos. 605 at 2 (1992), 452 at 3 (1986), 362 at 2 (1983). A governmental body must make a good faith effort to relate a request for information to any responsive information that is within its custody or control. See Open Records Decision No. 561 at 8-9 (1990).

We first note that the written request is made in a letter printed on State of Texas House of Representatives letterhead stationery, and authored by State Representative Miguel "Mike" D. Wise. This request implicates section 552.008 of the Government Code, which provides:

- (a) This chapter does not grant authority to withhold information from individual members, agencies, or committees of the legislature to use for legislative purposes.
- (b) A governmental body on request by an individual member, agency, or committee of the legislature shall provide public information, including confidential information, to the requesting member, agency, or committee for inspection or duplication in accordance with this chapter if the requesting member, agency or committee states that the public information is requested under this chapter for legislative purposes. A governmental body, by providing public information under this section that is confidential or otherwise excepted from required disclosure under law, does not waive or affect the confidentiality of the information for purposes of state or federal law or waive the right to assert exceptions to required disclosure of the information in the future. The governmental body may require the requesting individual member of the legislature, the requesting legislative agency or committee, or the members or employees of the requesting entity who will view or handle information that is received under this section and that is confidential under law to sign a confidentiality agreement that covers the information and requires that:
 - (1) the information not be disclosed outside the requesting entity, or within the requesting entity for purposes other than the purpose for which it was received;
 - (2) the information be labeled as confidential;
 - (3) the information be kept securely; or
 - (4) the number of copies made of the information or the notes taken from the information that implicate the confidential nature of the information be controlled, with all copies or notes that are not destroyed or returned to the governmental body remaining confidential and subject to the confidentiality agreement.
- (c) This section does not affect:
 - (1) the right of an individual member, agency, or committee of the legislature to obtain information from a governmental body under other law, including under the rules of either house of the legislature;

- (2) the procedures under which the information is obtained under other law; or
- (3) the use that may be made of the information obtained under other law.

Gov't Code § 552.008. The requestor states, "I would like to request under the Public Information Act, the following additional information from the [Commission]." He does not state that the information is requested for legislative purposes. Furthermore, you have submitted a letter to this office in which you state that the commission "never received anything in writing from State Representative that the requested information was for legislative purposes." As release of the responsive information is not compelled by section 552.008 in response to this request, we address the exception that you have raised.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." This section encompasses information another statute makes confidential. Section 651.203 of the Occupations Code provides that "[i]nformation in a [complaint file], other than information relating to a complaint that has not reached a final disposition, is public information." We conclude that this language makes confidential information relating to a complaint that has not reached a final disposition. You state that the submitted information relates to complaints which are open and under investigation. You further assert that information relating to these open complaints is not public information until reaching its final disposition. Based on your arguments and our review of the submitted information, we agree that the submitted information is confidential under section 651.203(b) of the Occupations Code and, thus, is excepted from disclosure pursuant to section 552.101 of the Government Code. Accordingly, you must withhold the submitted information from the requestor.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the

statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Sarah I. Swanson

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

SIS/krl

Ref: ID# 202091

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Miguel "Mike" D. Wise
Texas State Representative
P. O. Box 2910

Austin, Texas 78768-2910